

Key Person

Policy statement

We believe that children settle best when they have a key person to relate to, who knows them and their parents well, and who can meet their individual needs. Research shows that a key person approach benefits the child, the parents, the staff and the nursery by providing secure relationships in which children thrive, parents have confidence, staff are committed and the nursery is a happy and dedicated place to attend or work in.

We want children to feel safe, stimulated and happy at Little Learners and to feel secure and comfortable with staff. We also want parents to have confidence in both their children's well-being and their role as active partners within the nursery.

We aim to make Little Learners a welcoming place where children settle quickly and easily because consideration has been given to the individual needs and circumstances of children and their families.

The key person role is set out in section 3 of the Statutory Early Years Foundation Stage framework. The framework requires that a key person is assigned to each child. The role of the key person is to help ensure that every child's care is tailored to meet their individual needs, to help the child become familiar with the nursery, offer a settled relationship for the child and build a relationship with their parents. The key person must seek to engage and support parents and/or carers in guiding their child's development at home. They should also help families engage with more specialised support if appropriate.

The procedures set out a model for developing a key person approach that promotes effective and positive relationships for children who are in settings.

Our Procedures

1. Key person responsibilities

- a) We allocate a key person before the child starts but allow for this to change if the child, when having started, becomes more comfortable with another member of staff.
- b) The key person is responsible for the induction of the family and for settling the child into the nursery. The key person offers unconditional regard for the child and is non-judgemental.
- c) The key person works with the parents to plan and deliver a personalised plan for the child's well-being, care and learning.
- d) The key person acts as the key contact for the parents and has links with other carers involved with the child, such as a childminder, and co-ordinates the sharing of appropriate information about the child's development with those carers.
- e) The key person is responsible for developmental records and for sharing information on a regular basis with the child's parents to keep those records up-to-date, reflecting the full picture of the child in our nursery and at home.
- f) The key person encourages positive relationships between children in her/his key group, spending time with them as a group each day.





- g) We provide a back-up key person (a buddy) so the child and the parents have a key contact in the absence of the child's key person.
- h) We promote the role of the key person as the child's primary carer in the nursery, and as the basis for establishing relationships with other staff and children.
- i) Parents can request a change of key person through discussion with the manager.
- j) The key person can be changed if a child makes stronger bonds with another member of staff.

2. Settling-in

- a) Before a child starts to attend the nursery, we use a variety of ways to provide his/her parents with information. These include written information (including our prospectus and policies), displays about what happens in the nursery, menus and examples of activities on offer.
- b) The key person welcomes and looks after the child and his/her parents at the child's first session and during the settling-in process.
- c) We may offer home visits during the settling-in period to help with the transition between home and nursery. The key person will attend these visits.
- d) We use pre-start visits and the first session which a child attends to explain and complete, with his/her parents, the child's registration records.
- e) When a child starts to attend, we explain the process of settling-in with his/her parents and jointly decide on the best way to help the child to settle into the nursery.
- f) Younger children will take longer to settle in, as will children who have not previously spent time away from home. Children who have had a period of absence may also need their parent to be on hand to re-settle them.
- g) We judge a child to be settled when they have formed a relationship with their key person; for example, the child looks for the key person when he/she arrives, goes to them for comfort, and seems pleased to be with them. The child is also familiar with where things are and is pleased to see other children and participate in activities.
- h) When parents leave, we ask them to say goodbye to their child and explain that they will be coming back, and when.
- i) We recognise that some children will settle more readily than others, but that some children who appear to settle rapidly are not ready to be left. We expect that the parent will honour the commitment to stay at the end of any two-hour settle period to provide a time for them to explore the room with their child and the key person.
- j) We do not believe that leaving a child to cry will help them to settle any quicker. We believe that a child's distress will prevent them from learning and gaining the best from the nursery.
- k) We reserve the right not to accept a child into the nursery without a parent or carer if the child finds it distressing to be left. This is especially the case with very young children.
- I) Within the first four to six weeks of starting, we discuss and work with the child's parents to begin to create their child's record of achievement.

3. The progress check at age two

a) The key person carries out the progress check at age two in accordance with any local procedures that are in place and referring to the guidance in section two of the <u>Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage</u>





- b) The progress check aims to review the child's development and ensures that parents have a clear picture of their child's development.
- c) Within the progress check, the key person will note areas where the child is progressing well and identify areas where progress is less than expected.
- d) The progress check will describe the actions that will be taken by the nursery to address any developmental concerns (including working with other professionals where appropriate) as agreed with the parent(s).
- e) The key person will plan activities to meet the child's needs within the nursery and will support parents to understand the child's needs in order to enhance their development at home.

This policy meets the requirements of the Statutory Framework for the EYFS 1st September 2021.

Date policy last reviewed/updated	26 th September 2022	Reviewed by	Julia Ward, Head of Support Services
Date of next review/update	September 2023		

